

The board recognizes that curriculum development must be an ongoing process in order to address continually the changing needs and diversity of all students and to fulfill the educational goals of the board. The board further recognizes that while educators must be responsible for developing the curriculum, parents, other governmental agencies, businesses, and members of the public have valuable insights in the type of curriculum needed.

**A. CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT**

The curriculum must be developed to meet state and board requirements, using the current statewide instructional standards as a foundation. The superintendent shall establish a curriculum and instruction committee to coordinate curriculum planning and ensure that the curriculum is aligned with the current statewide instructional standards and includes subject-area competencies for each grade level. The committee may include central office administrators, teachers, and school administrators representing the various schools and grade levels. Teachers should receive appropriate training so that they may participate in curriculum development. The committee also may seek input from parents, the community, and experts in order to make fully informed decisions.

The committee may recommend that the board expand subject areas and objectives of the curriculum to meet the educational goals of the board and state and federal laws. The committee also may recommend eliminating subject areas or objectives that are not state-required or related to the educational goals of the board.

**B. CURRICULUM MODIFICATION BY INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS**

The principal is the instructional leader of the school and is responsible for determining whether the curriculum meets the needs of the students of the school. Accordingly, the principal or designee may consider modifying the curriculum.

If a school official wishes to modify the curriculum, he or she may submit a proposal to the central curriculum and instruction committee. Unless the curriculum and instruction committee has significant concerns about the proposal, the committee will approve the changes so long as the curriculum maintains continuity. After being approved by the curriculum and instruction committee, the proposal must be submitted to the board for approval as a part of the school improvement plan process if the modifications include: (1) expanding or reducing the subject areas or objectives; (2) eliminating subject areas or objectives not required by the state; or (3) waiving local board policies. The curriculum and instruction committee shall ensure that the curriculum continues to be aligned with the current statewide instructional standards.

**C. EVALUATION**

The superintendent shall ensure that the methods for meeting curriculum objectives are

regularly evaluated for their effectiveness. Such evaluation shall include:

1. a statement of the curriculum's instructional goals;
2. relevant assessment and other performance data;
3. opportunities for vertical and horizontal alignment as appropriate;
4. recommended resources to assist in the development, implementation, and delivery of the curriculum;
5. new and otherwise innovative trends to incorporate into the curriculum;
6. the availability of appropriate staff development opportunities;
7. relevant input and other feedback from students, parents, teachers, and administrative staff;
8. a review of the implementation of this policy and policy 3000, Goals and Objectives of the Educational Program; and
9. recommendations for improving student achievement.

The board also encourages external curriculum audits by professional curriculum assessors.

Legal References: G.S. 115C-47, -81

Cross References: Goals and Objectives of the Educational Program (policy 3000), School Improvement Plan (policy 3430)

Adopted: